

# we by zamyatin pdf

**we by zamyatin pdf** is a frequently searched term among readers interested in dystopian literature and classic science fiction. This article explores the significance of Yevgeny Zamyatin's groundbreaking novel *We*, its themes, and the availability of the text in PDF format. As one of the earliest dystopian novels, *We* has influenced many later works and remains relevant for its exploration of totalitarianism, individuality, and freedom. Understanding the historical context, literary impact, and how to access *We* by Zamyatin in digital PDF form is essential for students, scholars, and enthusiasts of speculative fiction. This comprehensive guide will cover the novel's background, themes, influence, and practical information about obtaining a legal copy of *We by Zamyatin PDF*. The following sections will provide detailed insights and a structured overview for anyone looking to delve deeper into this classic work.

- Overview of *We* by Yevgeny Zamyatin
- Historical and Literary Context
- Major Themes and Symbolism
- Influence on Dystopian Literature
- Accessing *We by Zamyatin PDF*
- Legal Considerations and Copyright

## Overview of *We* by Yevgeny Zamyatin

**We by Zamyatin PDF** refers to the digital version of the novel *We*, written by Russian author Yevgeny Zamyatin in the early 1920s. The novel is a seminal dystopian work set in a future totalitarian state known as the One State. The story is narrated by D-503, a mathematician and chief engineer of the spacecraft Integral, who initially embraces the collectivist ideology but gradually experiences a personal awakening. Zamyatin's novel critiques the dehumanizing effects of extreme political control and the suppression of individuality. The narrative explores the tension between conformity and freedom through a unique blend of science fiction and political allegory.

*We* was originally written in Russian but has since been translated into numerous languages, making the availability of a PDF version highly sought after for academic and literary purposes. The book's structure, characterized by journal entries, offers a personal and psychological perspective on the dystopian society it portrays.

# Historical and Literary Context

Understanding the historical and literary context of *We by Zamyatin PDF* is crucial to fully appreciating its significance. The novel was composed during a period of intense political upheaval following the Russian Revolution of 1917 and the rise of the Soviet Union. Zamyatin's experiences with censorship and authoritarianism heavily influenced his portrayal of the One State.

## The Russian Revolution and Its Impact

Following the Bolshevik Revolution, Zamyatin witnessed the consolidation of power and the imposition of strict ideological conformity. His novel reflects a reaction against the loss of personal freedom and the mechanization of human life under a totalitarian regime. The One State's emphasis on uniformity and surveillance mirrors the political climate of early Soviet Russia.

## Literary Influences and Style

Zamyatin's writing style in *We* combines elements of satire, allegory, and science fiction. The novel predates and influences later dystopian classics such as George Orwell's *1984* and Aldous Huxley's *Brave New World*. Zamyatin's use of a first-person journal format offers an intimate look at the protagonist's internal conflict, making the narrative both psychological and philosophical.

## Major Themes and Symbolism

The thematic richness of *We by Zamyatin PDF* makes it a compelling study for readers interested in political philosophy, psychology, and literature. The novel explores various motifs that critique authoritarianism and celebrate individuality.

## Totalitarianism and Surveillance

The One State is a society where citizens live under constant surveillance, and every aspect of life is regulated by the government. The glass walls of homes symbolize transparency and the absence of privacy, reinforcing the theme of control and repression.

## Individuality vs. Collectivism

A central conflict in *We* is the struggle between the collective identity imposed by the state and the individual desires of the protagonist. D-503's journey from conformity to rebellion highlights the human need for freedom and self-expression.

# Mathematics and Rationality

Zamyatin uses mathematical concepts and logic as metaphors for the rigid order of the One State. The protagonist's profession as a mathematician underscores the novel's critique of reducing human life to formulas and predictability.

## Symbolism in *\*We\**

- **The Green Wall:** Represents the barrier between the controlled One State and the untamed wilderness, symbolizing freedom beyond the regime's reach.
- **The Numbering System:** Citizens are assigned numbers instead of names, illustrating the loss of personal identity.
- **The Integral:** The spaceship designed to spread the One State's ideology, symbolizing imperialism and enforced uniformity.

## Influence on Dystopian Literature

**We by Zamyatin PDF** is not only significant as a standalone work but also as a foundational text in the dystopian genre. Its impact can be traced through numerous influential novels and cultural works that followed.

## Precursor to Orwell and Huxley

Zamyatin's *\*We\** inspired later dystopian masterpieces, particularly Orwell's *\*1984\** and Huxley's *\*Brave New World\**. The themes of surveillance, loss of individuality, and oppressive regimes resonate strongly in these works, showing the lasting legacy of Zamyatin's vision.

## Legacy in Modern Science Fiction

The novel's exploration of technological control and societal engineering continues to influence contemporary science fiction. Writers often reference *\*We\** when discussing themes of freedom, identity, and resistance within futuristic settings.

# Accessing *We by Zamyatin PDF*

Obtaining a reliable and legal copy of *\*We by Zamyatin PDF\** is essential for readers who want to study the novel in depth or enjoy it in a convenient format. Various editions and translations exist, some of which are available in public domain or through authorized distributors.

## Sources for Downloading

Several websites and digital libraries offer *\*We by Zamyatin PDF\** for free or purchase. It is important to verify the legitimacy of these sources to avoid copyright infringement and ensure the quality of the translation.

## Recommended Editions

When selecting a PDF version of *\*We\**, consider the following factors:

- Accuracy and faithfulness of the translation
- Quality of formatting and readability
- Inclusion of scholarly introductions or annotations
- Availability of supplementary materials such as critical essays

## Legal Considerations and Copyright

While *\*We\** was written nearly a century ago, copyright status varies depending on the country and the specific edition. Readers searching for *\*We by Zamyatin PDF\** should be aware of the legal landscape surrounding digital copies.

## Public Domain Status

In some jurisdictions, *\*We\** is in the public domain, allowing free distribution of digital copies. However, newer translations may still be protected under copyright law, restricting unauthorized downloads.

# Respecting Intellectual Property

Acquiring \*We by Zamyatin PDF\* through authorized means supports translators, publishers, and rights holders. Legal access ensures that readers receive high-quality versions and helps preserve the literary heritage of this important work.

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What is 'We' by Yevgeny Zamyatin about?

'We' is a dystopian novel by Yevgeny Zamyatin that explores a future totalitarian society where individuals have numbers instead of names and live under strict state control, highlighting themes of freedom, individuality, and rebellion.

### Where can I legally download the 'We' by Zamyatin PDF?

You can legally download 'We' by Zamyatin from public domain websites such as Project Gutenberg or Internet Archive, as the novel was published in 1924 and is in the public domain in many countries.

### Is the PDF version of 'We' by Zamyatin available for free?

Yes, since 'We' was published nearly a century ago, many editions of the book are available for free in PDF format on various public domain and educational websites.

### What themes are explored in 'We' by Zamyatin?

'We' explores themes like totalitarianism, loss of individuality, surveillance, the conflict between freedom and security, and the consequences of a utopian society.

### How does 'We' by Zamyatin influence modern dystopian literature?

'We' is considered one of the earliest dystopian novels and has influenced notable works such as George Orwell's '1984' and Aldous Huxley's 'Brave New World' by pioneering themes of oppressive regimes and the suppression of individuality.

### Are there annotated PDF versions of 'We' by Zamyatin available?

Annotated PDFs of 'We' may be available through academic websites or university resources, but many free versions are unannotated. For detailed analysis, purchasing an academic edition is recommended.

## Can I find 'We' by Zamyatin in multiple languages in PDF format?

Yes, 'We' has been translated into many languages, and PDF versions of these translations can sometimes be found on multilingual literary websites or digital libraries.

## What is the historical context of 'We' by Zamyatin?

'We' was written in the early 1920s in Soviet Russia and reflects Zamyatin's critique of the emerging totalitarian regime, censorship, and suppression of individual freedoms during that period.

## How long is the PDF version of 'We' by Zamyatin?

The length of the PDF version varies depending on formatting and edition, but the novel typically ranges from 120 to 160 pages.

## Is 'We' by Zamyatin suitable for academic study in PDF form?

Yes, 'We' is widely studied in literature and political science courses. Many PDF editions are suitable for academic use, especially if accompanied by critical essays or annotations.

## Additional Resources

### 1. *Brave New World* by Aldous Huxley

This dystopian novel explores a future society where people are genetically engineered and conditioned for specific social roles. The story critiques the loss of individuality and the use of technology to control humanity. Like \*We\*, it examines themes of conformity, state control, and the suppression of personal freedom.

### 2. *1984* by George Orwell

A classic dystopian work depicting a totalitarian regime that uses surveillance, propaganda, and brutal repression to maintain power. The protagonist struggles with the omnipresent Party and its leader, Big Brother. Orwell's novel shares with \*We\* a vision of oppressive state control and the erasure of individual identity.

### 3. *Fahrenheit 451* by Ray Bradbury

Set in a future society where books are banned and "firemen" burn any that are found, this novel explores themes of censorship, conformity, and the power of knowledge. The protagonist begins to question the authoritarian regime's control over information and thought, paralleling the rebellious spirit found in \*We\*.

### 4. *Anthem* by Ayn Rand

This novella presents a collectivist dystopia where the word "I" has been eradicated, and individuality is forbidden. The story follows a man who rediscovers the concept of the self and personal freedom. Similar to \*We\*, it critiques collectivist ideologies and celebrates the importance of individual identity.

### 5. *The Handmaid's Tale* by Margaret Atwood

Set in a theocratic dystopia where women's rights are stripped away, this novel examines themes of oppression, control, and resistance. The protagonist's struggle against a repressive regime echoes the conflicts in *\*We\**, where personal autonomy clashes with authoritarian rule.

#### 6. *Darkness at Noon* by Arthur Koestler

This novel delves into the psychological and political mechanisms of totalitarianism through the story of an old Bolshevik imprisoned and tried for treason. It explores themes of ideology, betrayal, and the sacrifice of the individual for the supposed greater good, resonating with the themes in *\*We\**.

#### 7. *Never Let Me Go* by Kazuo Ishiguro

A dystopian science fiction novel that subtly addresses themes of control, identity, and humanity through the lives of cloned individuals raised for a tragic purpose. The novel's quiet exploration of freedom and destiny complements the overt political themes in *\*We\**.

#### 8. *We* by Yevgeny Zamyatin (*Annotated Edition*)

An annotated edition of the original *\*We\** text provides valuable insights into the historical context, philosophical themes, and literary techniques used by Zamyatin. This edition is essential for readers seeking a deeper understanding of the novel's significance in dystopian literature.

#### 9. *Player Piano* by Kurt Vonnegut

This novel imagines a future where automation has eliminated most jobs, leading to social stratification and discontent. It critiques technological control and the dehumanization of society, themes closely aligned with those in *\*We\**, where the state exerts control over every aspect of life.

## [We By Zamyatin Pdf](#)

# **We by Zamyatin: A Deep Dive into Dystopian Masterpiece**

Imagine a world stripped of individuality, where free thought is a crime and the state controls every aspect of your life. Sound familiar? This isn't some distant future – it's the chilling reality presented in Yevgeny Zamyatin's *We*, a dystopian novel that predates Orwell's *1984* and eerily foreshadows many of today's anxieties about technology, surveillance, and the erosion of personal freedom. Perhaps you've struggled to access a readily available, well-formatted PDF of this crucial text, or maybe you've read it but found yourself grappling with its complex themes and implications. Understanding *We* requires careful analysis, and that's precisely what this ebook provides. This guide unlocks the intricacies of Zamyatin's masterpiece, making its profound message accessible and relevant to the modern reader.

### Unlocking *We*: A Comprehensive Guide to Zamyatin's Dystopian Masterpiece

This ebook, by Dr. Anya Petrova, provides a detailed exploration of Yevgeny Zamyatin's *We*, offering

both textual analysis and relevant modern-day context.

Contents:

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# **Unlocking *We*: A Comprehensive Guide to Zamyatin's Dystopian Masterpiece (Article)**

## **Introduction: Understanding the Historical and Literary Context of *We***

Yevgeny Zamyatin's *We*, published in 1924, stands as a seminal work of dystopian literature. Written during the tumultuous period following the Russian Revolution, the novel reflects Zamyatin's own disillusionment with the totalitarian tendencies emerging within the Soviet regime. While ostensibly a science fiction narrative, *We* serves as a potent allegory for the dangers of unchecked state power and the suppression of individual freedom. Understanding its historical context is crucial to appreciating its enduring relevance. Zamyatin's experience with censorship and his eventual exile directly informed the novel's themes. By examining the socio-political climate of 1920s Russia, we can understand the anxieties and fears that shaped Zamyatin's vision of a future devoid of human dignity. The novel's publication in the West, after being banned in the Soviet Union, further cemented its place as a powerful critique of totalitarian systems. This introduction sets the stage for a deeper analysis of the text's intricate layers of meaning.

## **Chapter 1: The One State: Structure, Control, and the Suppression of Individuality**



The One State, the totalitarian regime that governs the world of *We*, is meticulously structured to maintain absolute control. Its architecture, social systems, and even the language are designed to eliminate individuality and enforce conformity. The novel's geometrical imagery – the transparent walls of the apartments, the precisely planned city layout – symbolizes the dehumanizing nature of this system. Citizens are assigned numbers rather than names, reflecting their loss of personal identity within the collective. The Benefactor, the absolute ruler, represents the embodiment of this controlling power. The chapter will delve into the mechanisms of control employed by the One State, including surveillance technology, propaganda, and the suppression of dissent. This analysis will reveal how the One State effectively manipulates its citizens, making them passive and unquestioning participants in their own oppression. We will explore the psychological impact of such relentless control on the individual, highlighting the systematic dismantling of human agency.

## **Chapter 2: D-503: The Protagonist's Journey from Conformity to Rebellion**

D-503, the novel's protagonist, initially serves as a model citizen of the One State. His rational, engineering mind readily accepts the system's logic, reflecting the chilling effectiveness of the state's indoctrination. However, his encounter with I-330, a rebellious spirit, begins to shake his unwavering faith in the system. This chapter explores D-503's transformation, charting his journey from unquestioning conformity to growing awareness and eventual rebellion. We will analyze the internal conflicts he experiences, the gradual erosion of his rational worldview, and the psychological toll of his defiance. His fluctuating loyalty and the internal struggles he endures provide a window into the human capacity for both conformity and resistance. The examination will highlight the complexities of human psychology under oppressive regimes and the persistent power of individual conscience even in the face of overwhelming odds.

## **Chapter 3: I-330: The Catalyst for Change and the Representation of Female Agency**

I-330 is more than just a romantic interest; she embodies the spirit of rebellion and represents a powerful counterpoint to the rigid structure of the One State. This chapter focuses on I-330's role as a catalyst for D-503's transformation and examines her representation of female agency in a profoundly patriarchal society. Her defiance of the state's norms challenges the notion of absolute control and highlights the importance of individual expression. Her unconventional and even irrational behavior directly contrasts with the calculated rationality of the One State and D-503's initial worldview. This chapter will analyze her actions, her motivations, and her significance within the novel's broader themes of freedom and individuality. It will explore how I-330 embodies resistance not only to the political system but also to the deeply ingrained societal structures that oppress women.

## **Chapter 4: The Use of Mathematical Imagery and its Symbolic Significance**

Zamyatin masterfully employs mathematical imagery throughout the novel, reflecting the dehumanizing and controlling nature of the One State. This chapter will analyze the recurring use of numbers, geometry, and scientific concepts to convey the oppressive atmosphere and the suppression of human emotion. The systematic, ordered world presented in the novel is both visually and conceptually mathematical, highlighting the attempt to reduce human experience to quantifiable data. We will examine how this imagery contrasts with the irrational and unpredictable elements introduced by I-330 and the rebellion. This contrast serves to emphasize the inherent conflict between the imposed order and the spontaneous creativity and unpredictability of the human spirit.

## **Chapter 5: Technology and Surveillance in the One State: A 21st-Century Perspective**

The One State's extensive use of technology for surveillance and control foreshadows many contemporary concerns regarding privacy and the potential for technological oppression. This chapter will explore the parallels between Zamyatin's vision of a technologically controlled society and the realities of the 21st century. We will examine the implications of advanced surveillance technologies, data collection, and the increasing power of centralized systems. This analysis will offer a critical lens through which to view our current technological landscape, highlighting both the potential benefits and the inherent dangers of unchecked technological development.

## **Chapter 6: Themes of Love, Rebellion, and the Search for Meaning**

We explores the complex interplay of love, rebellion, and the search for meaning within a system designed to eradicate these very things. This chapter analyzes how love, in its diverse forms, becomes a potent force of rebellion against the dehumanizing nature of the One State. The struggle for individual expression and the longing for authentic human connection are central themes explored through the characters' relationships. The chapter will dissect the tension between individual desires and the demands of the collective, examining the profound human need for meaning and purpose even in the face of overwhelming oppression.

## **Chapter 7: We and its Legacy: Influence on Dystopian**

# Literature and Modern Society

Zamyatin's *We* has had a profound and lasting impact on dystopian literature and modern society. This final chapter explores its influence on subsequent writers, most notably George Orwell, and analyzes its continuing relevance to contemporary issues. We will examine how *We*'s themes of totalitarian control, technological surveillance, and the suppression of individuality resonate with current events. The chapter will conclude by assessing the enduring warnings embedded within Zamyatin's masterpiece and their implications for the future.

## Conclusion: Zamyatin's Enduring Warning and its Relevance Today

Zamyatin's *We* is not simply a work of science fiction; it's a powerful and prescient warning about the dangers of unchecked power, the erosion of individual freedom, and the seductive allure of totalitarianism. This conclusion synthesizes the key themes and arguments presented throughout the ebook, emphasizing the novel's enduring relevance in the 21st century. It serves as a call to critical thinking and a reminder of the importance of safeguarding individual liberties in the face of ever-increasing technological advancements and societal pressures.

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### FAQs:

1. What makes *We* different from other dystopian novels? *We* predates many famous dystopian works and offers a unique blend of satirical wit and chilling realism, focusing on the psychological manipulation rather than solely physical oppression.
2. Why is *We* considered important? Its prescient exploration of totalitarian regimes and technological control makes it a timeless warning against the dangers of unchecked power.
3. How does *We* relate to modern society? The themes of surveillance, social control, and the suppression of individuality are highly relevant to contemporary issues of privacy, technology, and political power.
4. Who is the target audience for this ebook? Anyone interested in dystopian literature, Russian history, political philosophy, or the impact of technology on society.
5. What are the main themes explored in *We*? Totalitarianism, individuality vs. collectivism, technology and surveillance, love and rebellion, and the search for meaning.
6. Is this ebook suitable for beginners? Yes, the ebook provides a clear and accessible analysis of the novel, making it suitable for both seasoned readers and those new to Zamyatin's work.
7. What makes this ebook unique? It offers a comprehensive analysis combining literary criticism,

historical context, and a modern-day perspective.

8. What are the benefits of reading this ebook? Gain a deeper understanding of *We*, explore its lasting legacy, and develop a critical perspective on contemporary societal issues.

9. Where can I download the ebook? [Insert link to ebook download here]

#### Related Articles:

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2. Zamyatin's *We* and the Legacy of Russian Revolution: This piece explores the socio-political context that shaped the creation and themes of *We*.

3. A Comparative Analysis of *We* and *1984*: This explores the similarities and differences between these two seminal dystopian novels.

4. The Role of Technology in Shaping the Dystopian World of *We*: This article focuses on the role of technology in establishing control in the One State.

5. Female Agency and Resistance in Zamyatin's *We*: This analyses I-330's role as a figure of resistance and challenges traditional gender roles within the One State.

6. The Mathematical Imagery in *We*: A Symbol of Dehumanization: This examines the novel's mathematical imagery and its role in emphasizing dehumanization.

7. The Evolution of D-503: From Conformity to Rebellion: This traces D-503's transformation throughout the novel.

8. Interpreting the Ending of Zamyatin's *We*: This article offers multiple interpretations and analysis of the novel's conclusion.

9. Zamyatin's *We* and its Enduring Relevance to Modern Society: This article connects the novel's themes to current events and social issues.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *We* Yevgeny Zamyatin, 2023-03-06 *We* is a dystopian novel written by Russian writer Yevgeny Zamyatin. Originally drafted in Russian, the book could be published only abroad. It was translated into English in 1924. Even as the book won a wide readership overseas, the author's satiric depiction led to his banishment under Joseph Stalin's regime in the then USSR. The book's depiction of life under a totalitarian state influenced the other novels of the 20th century. Like Aldous Huxley's *Brave New World* and George Orwell's *Nineteen Eighty-four*, *We* describes a future socialist society that has turned out to be not perfect but inhuman. Orwell claimed that *Brave New World* must be partly derived from *We*, but Huxley denied this. The novel is set in the future. D-503, a spacecraft engineer, lives in the One State which assists mass surveillance. Here life is scientifically managed. There is no way of referring to people except by their given numbers. The society is run strictly by reason as the primary justification for the construct of the society. By way of formulae and equations outlined by the One State, the individual's behaviour is based on logic.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *Islanders ; And, The Fisher of Men* Evgenii Ivanovich Zamiatín, 1984

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *The Englishman from Lebedian* Jae Curtis, 2015-11-15 After Evgeny Zamiatin emigrated from the USSR in 1931, he was systematically airbrushed out of Soviet literary history, despite the central role he had played in the cultural life of Russia's northern capital for nearly twenty years. Since the collapse of the Soviet Union, his writings have gradually been rediscovered in Russia, but with his archives scattered between Russia, France, and the USA, the project of reconstructing the story of his life has been a complex task. This book, the first full biography of Zamiatin in any language, draws upon his extensive correspondence and other documents in order to provide an account of his life which explores his intimate preoccupations, as well as uncovering the political and cultural background to many of his works. It reveals a man of strong will and high principles, who negotiated the political dilemmas of his day—including his relationship with Stalin—with great shrewdness.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *All that is Solid Melts Into Air* Marshall Berman, 1983 The experience of modernization -- the dizzying social changes that swept millions of people into the capitalist world -- and modernism in art, literature and architecture are brilliantly integrated in this account.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *On the Mind and Freedom* Elliot Murphy,

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *A Rule is to Break* John Seven, Jana Christy, 2013-09-03 A Rule Is To Break says: Go ahead and throw your best self a party! So glad it exists.—Kristin Hersch, *Throwing Muses* After encountering the lively little anarchist in John and Jana's delightful *A Rule is To Break*, I will always remember the playful little devil with a mind of her own. A children's book on anarchy seems somehow just right: an instinctive, intuitive sense of fairness, community, and interdependence sits naturally enough with a desire for participatory democracy, self-determination, and peace and global justice.—Bill Ayers, author of *To Teach: The Journey in Comics and Fugitive Days* Simply celebrating childhood: the joy, the wonder of discovery, the spontaneity, and strong emotions. . . . Wild Child is free to do as she pleases. *A Rule Is To Break: A Child's Guide to Anarchy* follows Wild Child as she learns about just being herself and how that translates into kid autonomy. It presents the ideas of challenging societal expectations and tradition and expressing yourself freely in kid-terms that are both funny and thought provoking—it even functions as a guidebook for adults to understand what it is to be a critically thinking, creative individual. Wild Child is the role model for disobedience that is sometimes civil. John Seven and Jana Christy's previous collaboration *The Ocean Story* won *Creative Child* magazine's 2011 Creative Child Award Seal of Excellence and was shortlisted for the 2012 Green Earth Book Award.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *The Skylark of Space* E. E. Smith, 2023-04-14 We rely on your support to help us keep producing beautiful, free, and unrestricted editions of literature for the digital age. Will you support our efforts with a donation? *The Skylark of Space* is said to be the seminal space opera. Dr. Seaton accidentally discovers a source of energy which could be used to travel to other star systems, but when he tries to show others, it fails to work. Most of his colleagues ridicule him, and he quits his career to focus on trying to refine the process. Meanwhile Dr. DuQuesne realizes the truth, and is willing to do anything to have that power. Both scientists refine the process well enough to build a spaceship and visit other planets, but who will these new civilizations side with? This version of *The Skylark of Space* was originally published in three parts during 1928 *Amazing Stories*. The novelization, which was published later, differs significantly.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *Red Star* Alexander Bogdanov, 1984-06-22 "An Earth-man's journey to the planet Mars, where he is treated to a wondrous vision of a communist future, complete with flying cars and 3D color movies." —*Wonders & Marvels* A communist society on Mars, the Russian revolution, and class struggle on two planets is the subject of this arresting science fiction novel by Alexander Bogdanov (1873-1928), one of the early organizers and prophets of the Russian Bolshevik party. The red star is Mars, but it is also the dream set to paper of the society that could emerge on earth after the dual victory of the socialist and scientific-technical revolutions. While portraying a harmonious and rational socialist society, Bogdanov sketches out the problems that will face industrialized nations, whether socialist or capitalist. "[A] surprisingly moving story." —*The New*

Yorker "The contemporary reader will marvel at [Bogdanov's] foresight: nuclear fusion and propulsion, atomic weaponry and fallout, computers, blood transfusions, and (almost) unisexuality." —Choice "Bogdanov's novels reveal a great deal about their fascinating author, about his time and, ironically, ours, and about the genre of utopia as well as his contribution to it." —Slavic Review

**we by zamyatin pdf: Deep Carbon** Beth N. Orcutt, Isabelle Daniel, Rajdeep Dasgupta, 2020 A comprehensive guide to carbon inside Earth - its quantities, movements, forms, origins, changes over time and impact on planetary processes. This title is also available as Open Access on Cambridge Core.

**we by zamyatin pdf: A Soviet Heretic** Yevgeny Zamyatin, 1974-08-01

**we by zamyatin pdf: Heart of the Original** Steve Aylett, 2015-09-10 True creativity, the making of a thing which has not been in the world previously, is originality by definition. But while many claim to crave originality, they feel an obscure revulsion when confronted with it. The really new is uncomfortable and disturbing. Repetition of the familiar is preferred. The hailing of old ideas as original lowers the standard for invention and robs most creative people of the drive to do anything interesting, let alone seek out the universe of originality which is waiting, drumming its fingers, wondering why nobody calls. This is a book for all those who care not for the fashionable simulacra of the media creative, but for an understanding of the hard road to true originality. Part manual, part history of ideas, part manifesto - this a unique experimental journey around the outer limits of our culture. It debunks myths, contradicts familiar shiboleths and wages war on cliché and platitude as it has never been waged before. A rallying cry and disruptive book for those bored with merely thinking outside the box.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Strong Opinions** Vladimir Nabokov, 1990-03-17 Strong Opinions offers Nabokov's trenchant, witty, and always engaging views on everything from the Russian Revolution to the correct pronunciation of Lolita. • First published in 1973, this collection of interviews and essays offers an intriguing insight into one of the most brilliant authors of the 20th century. - The Guardian Nabokov ranges over his life, art, education, politics, literature, movies, among other subjects. Keen to dismiss those who fail to understand his work and happy to butcher those sacred cows of the literary canon he dislikes, Nabokov is much too entertaining to be infuriating, and these interviews, letters and articles are as engaging, challenging and caustic as anything he ever wrote.

**we by zamyatin pdf: American Protest Literature** Zoe Trodd, 2008-04-30 ÒI like a little rebellion now and thenÓÑso wrote Thomas Jefferson to Abigail Adams, enlisting in a tradition that throughout American history has led writers to rage and reason, prophesy and provoke. This is the first anthology to collect and examine an American literature that holds the nation to its highest ideals, castigating it when it falls short and pointing the way to a better collective future. American Protest Literature presents sources from eleven protest movementsÑpolitical, social, and culturalÑfrom the Revolution to abolition to gay rights to antiwar protest. Each section reprints documents from the original phase of the movement as well as evidence of its legacy in later times. Informative headnotes place the selections in historical context and draw connections with other writings within the anthology and beyond. Sources include a wide variety of genresÑpamphlets, letters, speeches, sermons, legal documents, poems, short stories, photographs, postersÑand a range of voices from prophetic to outraged to sorrowful, from U.S. Presidents to the disenfranchised. Together they provide an enlightening and inspiring survey of this most American form of literature.

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thoughtful citizen of our time. - AC Grayling, Philosopher and Master of the New College of the Humanities An essential book for all those who are interested in the future of their children, in other words, the very future of humanity. - Luc Ferry, Philosopher and former Minister of Education, France

**we by zamyatin pdf: *Biolinguistics and Philosophy: Insights and Obstacles*** Elliot Murphy, 2012-11-09 This study explores the current stage of generative linguistics, the Minimalist Program, and examines its philosophical implications, tracing the basic themes back to the seventeenth-century scientific revolutions and the nineteenth-century biological tradition of formalism. Expositions of the 'philosophy of biolinguistics' have previously been few and short, and exploring the insights of recent theoretical linguists and neurobiologists can shed some much needed light on the problems posed by analytical philosophy, such as traditional questions of 'reference' and 'truth.'

**we by zamyatin pdf: *Impulse*** David Lewis, 2013-10-01 *Impulse* explores what people do despite knowing better, along with snap decisions that occasionally enrich their lives. This eye-opening account looks at two kinds of thinking—one slow and reflective, the other fast but prone to error—and shows how our mental tracks switch from the first to the second, leading to impulsive behavior.

**we by zamyatin pdf: *The Cultural Cold War*** Frances Stonor Saunders, 2013-11-05 During the Cold War, freedom of expression was vaunted as liberal democracy's most cherished possession—but such freedom was put in service of a hidden agenda. In *The Cultural Cold War*, Frances Stonor Saunders reveals the extraordinary efforts of a secret campaign in which some of the most vocal exponents of intellectual freedom in the West were working for or subsidized by the CIA—whether they knew it or not. Called the most comprehensive account yet of the [CIA's] activities between 1947 and 1967 by the *New York Times*, the book presents shocking evidence of the CIA's undercover program of cultural interventions in Western Europe and at home, drawing together declassified documents and exclusive interviews to expose the CIA's astonishing campaign to deploy the likes of Hannah Arendt, Isaiah Berlin, Leonard Bernstein, Robert Lowell, George Orwell, and Jackson Pollock as weapons in the Cold War. Translated into ten languages, this classic work—now with a new preface by the author—is a real contribution to popular understanding of the postwar period (*The Wall Street Journal*), and its story of covert cultural efforts to win hearts and minds continues to be relevant today.

**we by zamyatin pdf: *Call Me Zebra*** Azareen Van der Vliet Oloomi, 2018 Winner of the PEN/Faulkner Award for Fiction Hearken ye fellow misfits, migrants, outcasts, squint-eyed bibliophiles, library-haunters and book stall-stalkers: Here is a novel for you.--*Wall Street Journal* A tragicomic picaresque whose fervid logic and cerebral whimsy recall the work of Bola o and Borges.--*New York Times Book Review* Finalist for the PEN/Faulkner Award for Fiction \* Longlisted for the PEN/Open Book Award \* An Amazon Best Book of the Year \* A Publishers Weekly Bestseller Named a Best Book by: *Entertainment Weekly*, *Harper's Bazaar*, *Boston Globe*, *Fodor's*, *Fast Company*, *Refinery29*, *Nylon*, *Los Angeles Review of Books*, *Book Riot*, *The Millions*, *Electric Literature*, *Bitch*, *Hello Giggles*, *Literary Hub*, *Shondaland*, *Bustle*, *Brit & Co.*, Vol. 1 *Brooklyn*, *Read It Forward*, *Entropy Magazine*, *Chicago Review of Books*, *iBooks* and *Publishers Weekly* From an award-winning young author, a novel following a feisty heroine's quest to reclaim her past through the power of literature—even as she navigates the murkier mysteries of love. *Zebra* is the last in a line of anarchists, atheists, and autodidacts. When war came, her family didn't fight; they took refuge in books. Now alone and in exile, *Zebra* leaves New York for Barcelona, retracing the journey she and her father made from Iran to the United States years ago. Books are *Zebra's* only companions—until she meets Ludo. Their connection is magnetic; their time together fraught. *Zebra* overwhelms him with her complex literary theories, her concern with death, and her obsession with history. He thinks she's unhinged; she thinks he's pedantic. Neither are wrong; neither can let the other go. They push and pull their way across the Mediterranean, wondering with each turn if their love, or lust, can free *Zebra* from her past. An adventure tale, a love story, and a paean to the power of language and literature starring a heroine as quirky as Don Quixote, as introspective as Virginia Woolf, as

whip-smart as Miranda July, and as spirited as Frances Ha, Call Me Zebra will establish Van der Vliet Oloomi as an author on the verge of developing a whole new literature movement (Bustle).

**we by zamyatin pdf: *The Naked Year*** Борис Пильняк, 1928

**we by zamyatin pdf: *We Modern People*** Anindita Banerjee, 2012 How science fiction forged a unique Russian vision of modernity distinct from Western models

**we by zamyatin pdf: *Desire and Empathy in Twentieth-Century Dystopian Fiction*** Thomas Horan, 2018-02-13 This book assesses key works of twentieth-century dystopian fiction, including Katharine Burdekin's *Swastika Night*, George Orwell's *Nineteen Eighty-Four*, and Margaret Atwood's *The Handmaid's Tale*, to demonstrate that the major authors of this genre locate empathy and morality in eroticism. Taken together, these books delineate a subset of politically conscious speculative literature, which can be understood collectively as projected political fiction. While Thomas Horan addresses problematic aspects of this subgenre, particularly sexist and racist stereotypes, he also highlights how some of these texts locate social responsibility in queer and other non-heteronormative sexual relationships. In these novels, even when the illicit relationship itself is truncated, sexual desire fosters hope and community.

**we by zamyatin pdf: *The Theory of the Avant-garde*** Renato Poggioli, 1968 Convinced that all aspects of modern culture have been affected by avant-garde art, Renato Poggioli explores the relationship between the avant-garde and civilization. Historical parallels and modern examples from all the arts are used to show how the avant-garde is both symptom and cause of many major extra-aesthetic trends of our time, and that the contemporary avant-garde is the sole and authentic one.

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**we by zamyatin pdf: *The Big Time*** Fritz Leiber, 2023-06-04 At the time of the release of this ebook edition of *The Big Time*, it remains the only Hugo Award-winning work in the public domain. That makes it a very special treasure indeed! *The Big Time* tells the tale of a group of servicemembers who work in facilities isolated from regular space-time. They're involved in a war conducted by two shadowy groups that spans time itself, with all of humanity as pawns on an ever-changing historical battlefield. It explores a fascinating range of themes including time travel, the purpose of war, isolation, and love in the face of it all.

**we by zamyatin pdf: *The Ministry of Truth*** Dorian Lynskey, 2019-06-04 Rich and compelling. . Lynskey's account of the reach of 1984 is revelatory." --George Packer, *The Atlantic* An authoritative, wide-ranging, and incredibly timely history of 1984--its literary sources, its composition by Orwell, its deep and lasting effect on the Cold War, and its vast influence throughout world culture at every level, from high to pop. 1984 isn't just a novel; it's a key to understanding the modern world. George Orwell's final work is a treasure chest of ideas and memes--Big Brother, the Thought Police, Doublethink, Newspeak, 2+2=5--that gain potency with every year. Particularly in 2016, when the election of Donald Trump made it a bestseller (Ministry of Alternative Facts, anyone?). Its influence has morphed endlessly into novels (*The Handmaid's Tale*), films (*Brazil*), television shows (*V for Vendetta*), rock albums (*Diamond Dogs*), commercials (Apple), even reality TV (*Big Brother*). *The Ministry of Truth* is the first book that fully examines the epochal and cultural event that is 1984 in all its aspects: its roots in the utopian and dystopian literature that preceded it; the personal experiences in wartime Great Britain that Orwell drew on as he struggled to finish his



masterpiece in his dying days; and the political and cultural phenomena that the novel ignited at once upon publication and that far from subsiding, have only grown over the decades. It explains how fiction history informs fiction and how fiction explains history.

**we by zamyatin pdf: A Godforsaken Hole** Evgenii Ivanovich Zamiĭaĭtin, 1988

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *We* Ronald Aronson, 2017-04-26 The election of Donald Trump has exposed American society's profound crisis of hope. By 2016 a generation of shrinking employment, rising inequality, the attack on public education, and the shredding of the social safety net, had set the stage for stunning insurgencies at opposite ends of the political spectrum. Against this dire background, Ronald Aronson offers an answer. He argues for a unique conception of social hope, one with the power for understanding and acting upon the present situation. Hope, he argues, is far more than a mood or feeling—it is the very basis of social will and political action. It is this kind of hope that Aronson sees brewing in the supporters of Bernie Sanders, who advocated the tough-minded and inspired disposition to act collectively to make the world more equal, more democratic, more peaceful, and more just. And it was directly contrasted by Trump's supporters who showed a cynical and nostalgic faith in an authoritarian strongman replete with bigotry and misogyny. Beneath today's crisis Aronson examines our heartbreaking story: a century of catastrophic violence and the bewildering ambiguity of progress—all of which have contributed to the evaporation of social hope. As he shows, we are now in a time when hope is increasingly privatized, when—despite all the ways we are connected to each other—we are desperately alone, struggling to weather the maelstrom around us, demoralized by the cynicism that permeates our culture and politics, and burdened with finding personal solutions to social problems. Yet, Aronson argues, even at a time when false hopes are rife, social hope still persists. Carefully exploring what we mean when we say we “hope” and teasing hope apart from its dangerously misconstrued sibling, “progress,” he locates seeds of real change. He argues that always underlying our experience—even if we completely ignore it—is the fact of our social belonging, and that this can be reactivated into a powerful collective force, an active we. He looks to various political movements, from the massive collective force of environmentalists to the movements around Sanders and Jeremy Corbyn, as powerful examples of socially energized, politically determined, and actionably engaged forms of hope. Even in this age of Donald Trump, the result is an illuminating and inspiring call that anyone can clearly hear: we can still create a better future for everyone, but only if we resist false hopes and act together.

**we by zamyatin pdf: The Little Golden Calf** Il'ĭaĭ Il'f, Evgenii Petrov, 1961 The satirical novel's main character, Ostap Bender, also appeared in a previous novel by the authors called *The Twelve Chairs*. The title alludes to the golden calf of the Bible; another possible rendering of it in English, less literal but better tuned to the air of the novel, would be *The Gilded Calf*. It continues the theme of the denunciation of money-grubbing, philistine stupidity, and bureaucracy, which began in “*The Twelve Chairs*”.

**we by zamyatin pdf: A Clockwork Orange** Anthony Burgess, 2011 A brilliant novel . . . a savage satire on the distortions of the single and collective minds. -New York Times Anthony Burgess has written what looks like a nasty little shocker, but is really that rare thing in English letters: a philosophical novel. -Time

**we by zamyatin pdf: Artificial Hells** Claire Bishop, 2012-07-24 Since the 1990s, critics and curators have broadly accepted the notion that participatory art is the ultimate political art: that by encouraging an audience to take part an artist can promote new emancipatory social relations. Around the world, the champions of this form of expression are numerous, ranging from art historians such as Grant Kester, curators such as Nicolas Bourriaud and Nato Thompson, to performance theorists such as Shannon Jackson. *Artificial Hells* is the first historical and theoretical overview of socially engaged participatory art, known in the US as social practice. Claire Bishop follows the trajectory of twentieth-century art and examines key moments in the development of a participatory aesthetic. This itinerary takes in Futurism and Dada; the Situationist International; Happenings in Eastern Europe, Argentina and Paris; the 1970s Community Arts Movement; and the

Artists Placement Group. It concludes with a discussion of long-term educational projects by contemporary artists such as Thomas Hirschhorn, Tania Bruguera, Paweł Althamer and Paul Chan. Since her controversial essay in *Artforum* in 2006, Claire Bishop has been one of the few to challenge the political and aesthetic ambitions of participatory art. In *Artificial Hells*, she not only scrutinizes the emancipatory claims made for these projects, but also provides an alternative to the ethical (rather than artistic) criteria invited by such artworks. *Artificial Hells* calls for a less prescriptive approach to art and politics, and for more compelling, troubling and bolder forms of participatory art and criticism.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Ester and Ruzya** Masha Gessen, 2008-12-30 In this “extraordinary family memoir,”\* the National Book Award-winning author of *The Future Is History* reveals the story of her two grandmothers, who defied Fascism and Communism during a time when tyranny reigned. \*The New York Times Book Review In the 1930s, as waves of war and persecution were crashing over Europe, two young Jewish women began separate journeys of survival. Ester Goldberg was a rebel from Bialystok, Poland, where virtually the entire Jewish community would be sent to Hitler’s concentration camps. Ruzya Solodovnik was a Russian-born intellectual who would become a high-level censor under Stalin’s regime. At war’s end, both women found themselves in Moscow. Over the years each woman had to find her way in a country that aimed to make every citizen a cog in the wheel of murder and repression. One became a hero in her children’s and grandchildren’s eyes; the other became a collaborator. With grace, candor, and meticulous research, Masha Gessen, one of the most trenchant observers of Russia and its history today, peels back the layers of time to reveal her grandmothers’ lives—and to show that neither story is quite what it seems. Praise for Masha Gessen “One of the most important activists and journalists Russia has known in a generation.”—David Remnick, *The New Yorker* “Masha Gessen is humbly erudite, deftly unconventional, and courageously honest.”—Timothy Snyder, author of *On Tyranny*

**we by zamyatin pdf: Brave New World, 1984, and We** Edward James Brown, 1976

**we by zamyatin pdf: Evolution and Popular Narrative** , 2019-06-07 The contributors to this volume share the assumption that popular narrative, when viewed with an evolutionary lens, offers an incisive index into human nature. In theory, narrative art could take a near infinity of possible forms. In actual practice, however, particular motifs, plot patterns, stereotypical figures, and artistic devices persistently resurface, indicating specific predilections frequently at odds with our actual living conditions. Our studies explore various media and genres to gauge the impact of our evolutionary inheritance, in interdependence with the respective cultural environments, on our aesthetic appreciation. As they suggest, research into mass culture is not only indispensable for evolutionary criticism but may also contribute to our understanding of prehistoric selection pressures that still influence modern preferences in popular narrative. Contributions by David Andrews, James Carney, Mathias Clasen, Brett Cooke, Tamás Dávid-Barrett, Tom Dolack, Kathryn Duncan, Isabel Behncke Izquierdo, Joe Keener, Alex C. Parrish, Todd K. Platts, Anna Rotkirch, Judith P. Saunders, Michelle Scalise Sugiyama, Dirk Vanderbeke, and Sophia Wege.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Russian Irrationalism from Pushkin to Brodsky** Olga Tabachnikova, 2016-10-27 Russia, once compared to a giant sphinx, is often considered in the Anglophone world an alien culture, often threatening and always enigmatic. Although recognizably European, Russian culture also has mystical features, including the idiosyncratic phenomenon of Russian irrationalism. Historically, Russian irrationalism has been viewed with caution in the West, where it is often seen as antagonistic to, and subversive of, the rational foundations of Western speculative philosophy. Some of the remarkable achievements of the Russian irrationalist approach, however, especially in the artistic sphere, have been recognized and even admired, though not sufficiently investigated. Bridging the gap between intellectual cultures, Olga Tabachnikova discusses such fundamental irrationalist themes as language and the linguistic underpinning of culture; the power of illusion in national consciousness; the changing relationship between love and morality; the cultural roots of humour, as well as the relevance of various individual writers and philosophers from Pushkin to Brodsky to the construction of Russian irrationalism.

**we by zamyatin pdf:** We. Complete Edition with Original Illustrations Yevgeny Zamyatin, 2020-10-13 □ We by Yevgeny Zamyatin best predict and outline the techno-surveillance system that has already begun to take hold in the U.S. and beyond. - Noam Chomsky. □ One of the literary curiosities of this book-burning age. - George Orwell. Plot: On an Earth several hundred years in the future, D-503, the chief engineer who is working on a project that will see the beginning of the conquest of other planets, is watched constantly by the Secret Police. These agents of the One State are dedicated to ensuring compliance at all times and monitor every aspect of his life, from the assigned visits of his lover O-90, to his observance of the strict laws that must be obeyed. But, while on an assigned walk one evening, D-503 encounters the brazen I-330, a woman who shuns the laws. Fascinated by her, he soon finds himself drawn into a plot that is being carefully prepared. The Mephi, an organization dedicated to bringing down not only the One State, but The Green Wall which has been erected to keep One State's citizens apart from the outside world. As the revolution gathers pace, D-503 is forced to have 'The Great Operation' which will remove his imagination and emotions and turn him into a servant of the state, unable to speak out against it in any way or commit any acts of rebellion or law-breaking. But can The One State suppress the Mephi, who appear to have minds of their own and are ready to die for their beliefs? About: We by Evgeny Zamyatin in one of the best dystopian novels ever written and remains a dystopian fiction classic 100 years after it was conceived. This edition is unique due to the Dmitry Mintz, computer-made illustrations, which were not featured in the original edition, making it a must for collectors. From review: □ A too-little-known dystopian narrative from 1921 that has a peculiar resonance in 2018. - Gabrielle Bellot □ Among the best literary science fictions of all time. - Ephrat Livni □ Perhaps the finest science-fiction novel ever written. - Ursula le Guin □ Perhaps the most striking political image in America today and in Zamyatin's novel is the idea of a wall-a crass, simplistic image wielded by Trump to represent keeping supposedly dangerous immigrants at bay, and a more sophisticated image in We representing keeping the outside world itself away. - Gabrielle Bellot

**we by zamyatin pdf:** *We, the Arcturians* Betty Rice, Norma J. Milanovich, Cynthia Ploski, 1990 The Arcturians, speaking through Norma, have sent Earthlings a gentle message regarding their purpose for being here. They claim they are here to assist Earth as it enters a New Age of spirituality. They cannot interfere with the free will or decision-making process of any Earthling, but are here to educate and help raise the vibrations of all who choose to journey to the new dimension the Earth is entering.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Time Within Time** Andrei Tarkovsky, 2019-02-08 Tarkovsky for me is the greatest, wrote Ingmar Bergman. Andrey Tarkovsky only made seven films, but all are celebrated for its striking visual images, quietly patient dramatic structures, and visionary symbolism. Time within Time is both a diary and a notebook, maintained by Tarkovsky from 1970 until his death. Intense and intimate, it offers reflections on Dostoyevsky, Tolstoy, Hermann Hesse, Thomas Mann, and others. He writes movingly of his family, especially his father, Arseniy Tarkovsky, whose poems appear in his films. He records haunting dreams in detail and speaks of the state of society and the future of art, noting significant world events and purely personal dramas along with fascinating accounts of his own filmmaking. Rounding out this volume are Tarkovsky's plans and notes for his stage version of Hamlet; a detailed proposal for a film adaptation of Dostoyevsky's The Idiot; and a glimpse of the more public Tarkovsky answering questions put to him by interviewers.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Player Piano** , 2002 Kurt Vonnegut's first novel Player Piano, published in 1952, heralded the beginning of one of the most diverting and provocative adventures in modern American fiction. Vonnegut went on to write novels that perhaps had greater formal skill and technique, but Player Piano is a tour de force of imaginative insight into modern life and a shrewd satire of American progress.

**we by zamyatin pdf: The Road from George Orwell** Alberto Lázaro, 2001 Fifty years after his death, George Orwell is generally recognised as a leading exponent of twentieth-century English prose and one of the most influential satiric writers whose work has continually raised all kinds of political controversies. This volume assembles twelve papers delivered at the VIII Jornadas de

Literatura Inglesa at the University of Alcalá in May 2000. The conference set out to re-examine Orwell's work and thought in the light of contemporary theoretical concerns, as well as to discuss the mark he has left in British literature in the second half of the twentieth century, particularly on political satire and the development of dystopian fiction. A first group of essays provides new insights and fresh ways of viewing familiar issues such as Orwell's controversial political thought, the representation of race and gender in his early fiction, the narrative strategies of his documentary prose and the impact of Spanish censorship on his writing, particularly on *Homage to Catalonia*. Other essays explore the legacy of Orwell's dystopian fiction in later novelists such as Zoë Fairbairns, Alasdair Gray, Robert Harris, Julian Barnes and Ben Elton, as well as issues of history and language that are raised in Orwell's writings and dominate twentieth-century fiction.

**we by zamyatin pdf: Zero Degree** Charu Nivedita, 2018 Translated from the Tamil by Pritham K. Chakravarthy and Rakesh Khanna. With its mad patchwork of phone sex conversations, nightmarish torture scenes, tender love poems, numerology, mythology, and compulsive name-dropping of Latin American intellectuals, Charu Nivedita's novel ZERO DEGREE stands out as a groundbreaking work of Tamil transgressive fiction that unflinchingly probes the deepest psychic wounds of humanity. Hide it in the deep recesses of your clothes cupboard or in the general chaos of your office desk, if you must, but read it--Asha S. Menon, *New Sunday Express*.

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