

ethiopian fasting calendar

ethiopian fasting calendar represents a vital aspect of the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church's religious life, deeply embedded in the spiritual and cultural fabric of Ethiopia. This calendar outlines a comprehensive schedule of fasting periods throughout the year, each with specific durations, purposes, and religious significance. The Ethiopian fasting calendar is unique compared to other Christian traditions, featuring an extensive number of fasting days and strict dietary restrictions, which play a crucial role in the faithful's devotional practices. Understanding this calendar provides insight into Ethiopian Christianity, its rituals, and the rhythm of religious observance that shapes the community's lifestyle. This article explores the structure of the Ethiopian fasting calendar, its main fasting periods, dietary guidelines, and the spiritual importance of these practices. The detailed examination also highlights how the fasting calendar aligns with Ethiopia's liturgical year and cultural identity.

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Overview of the Ethiopian Fasting Calendar

The Ethiopian fasting calendar is a structured timetable that dictates the periods when adherents of the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church abstain from certain foods and engage in intensified spiritual activities. This calendar is distinct due to its extensive fasting periods, which total approximately 180 to 250 days annually, depending on the year and specific observances. The fasting days include both extended fasts and shorter weekly fasts, each serving to prepare the believer spiritually and physically for religious celebrations or commemorations.

Central to the Ethiopian fasting calendar is the concept of spiritual purification through abstinence, prayer, and reflection. The calendar incorporates fasting days that commemorate biblical events, saints, and liturgical seasons. This highly regimented fasting schedule is strictly observed by many Ethiopians and is considered essential for maintaining religious discipline and devotion.

Main Fasting Periods in the Ethiopian Calendar

The Ethiopian fasting calendar consists of several major fasting periods, each with its own historical and theological significance. These fasts vary in length and intensity, reflecting different aspects of Christian faith and reflection.

Great Lent (Abiy Tsom)

Great Lent is the longest and most significant fasting period in the Ethiopian Orthodox Church. It lasts for 55 days, leading up to the celebration of Easter (Fasika). During this time, believers abstain from animal products and adhere to a strict vegan diet. The fast commemorates the 40 days Jesus spent fasting in the wilderness and serves as a period of penitence and spiritual renewal.

Advent Fast (Tsome Gahad)

The Advent fast lasts for 40 days before Christmas (Genna). It marks preparation for the birth of Jesus Christ and involves similar dietary restrictions as Great Lent. This fast emphasizes humility, prayer, and anticipation of the Nativity.

Fast of the Apostles (Tsome Hawariat)

This fast occurs after Pentecost and commemorates the apostles' missionary work. The duration varies each year, typically lasting between 10 to 40 days. It is a time for spiritual reflection on the church's foundation and growth.

Wednesday and Friday Fasts

In addition to these extended fasting periods, Ethiopian Orthodox Christians fast every Wednesday and Friday throughout the year. Wednesday fasting commemorates the betrayal of Jesus, while Friday fasting honors His crucifixion. These weekly fasts reinforce regular spiritual discipline.

Other Minor Fasts

Various minor fasts occur throughout the year, such as the Fast of the Assumption and the Fast of the Prophets, each focusing on particular religious events or figures. These fasts typically last one or two days but are observed faithfully.

Dietary Restrictions During Fasting

The Ethiopian fasting calendar prescribes specific dietary restrictions that are rigorously followed during fasting periods. The primary rule is the avoidance of all animal products, including meat, dairy, and eggs, effectively making the diet vegan during fasts. Fish and other animal-derived foods are also prohibited.

Fasting adherents consume meals made predominantly from legumes, grains, vegetables, fruits, and oils. Traditional fasting foods in Ethiopia include injera (flatbread), lentils, chickpeas, and various vegetable stews. The diet is carefully maintained to ensure nutritional balance despite the restrictions.

- No consumption of meat, poultry, or fish during fasting days
- Exclusion of dairy products such as milk, butter, and cheese
- Avoidance of eggs and animal fats
- Emphasis on plant-based foods, including legumes, grains, vegetables, and fruits
- Use of vegetable oils and natural seasonings for cooking

Breaking the fast typically involves a festive meal that reintroduces animal products, often coinciding with religious holidays and celebrations. The strict adherence to these dietary rules underscores the spiritual commitment involved in Ethiopian fasting.

Spiritual and Cultural Significance of Fasting

Fasting in the Ethiopian Orthodox tradition is not merely a physical abstinence but a profound spiritual exercise. It is intended to cultivate self-discipline, humility, and closer communion with God. By observing the fasting calendar, believers align their lives with biblical teachings and church doctrine.

Beyond its religious importance, fasting has a strong cultural dimension in Ethiopia. It reinforces a sense of identity, community, and continuity with centuries-old traditions. Family and communal meals during fasting periods often embody shared values and collective spirituality.

Moreover, fasting serves as a means of spiritual preparation for major religious festivals, enhancing the celebratory aspects of these events

through contrast and anticipation. It also encourages acts of charity, prayer, and repentance during the fasting periods.

How the Ethiopian Fasting Calendar Aligns with the Liturgical Year

The Ethiopian fasting calendar is intricately linked to the church's liturgical year, which follows the ancient Alexandrian calendar system. The liturgical year begins with the month of Meskerem and includes numerous feast days and commemorations that are preceded by fasting periods.

This alignment ensures that fasting is synchronized with key religious observances such as Christmas, Easter, and Pentecost. The cyclical nature of fasting and feasting guides the spiritual rhythm of Ethiopian Orthodox Christians throughout the year.

The Ethiopian calendar itself differs from the Gregorian calendar used widely worldwide, resulting in different dates for celebrations such as Easter and Christmas. For instance, Ethiopian Christmas is celebrated on January 7th Gregorian, following the 40-day Advent fast.

- The fasting calendar is based on the Ethiopian (Julian) calendar
- Fasting periods precede major liturgical feasts
- Weekly fasts are integrated into regular worship
- The liturgical calendar dictates the timing and focus of fasts
- Fasting practices reinforce the cyclical nature of the Ethiopian religious year

Understanding the relationship between the fasting calendar and the liturgical year is essential for comprehending the full scope of Ethiopian Orthodox religious life and its impact on the community's spiritual and cultural practices.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the Ethiopian fasting calendar?

The Ethiopian fasting calendar is a religious schedule followed by Ethiopian

Orthodox Christians that outlines specific fasting periods throughout the year, including lengthy fasts such as Lent, the Fast of the Apostles, and other weekly fasts.

How long is the main Lent fast in the Ethiopian fasting calendar?

The main Lent fast in the Ethiopian fasting calendar, known as Abiy Tsom, lasts for 55 days and is observed before Easter.

Which foods are typically avoided during fasting periods in the Ethiopian fasting calendar?

During fasting periods in the Ethiopian fasting calendar, followers avoid all animal products including meat, dairy, and eggs, and often also avoid alcohol and certain oils, adhering to a vegan diet.

When does the Ethiopian fasting calendar begin?

The Ethiopian fasting calendar begins with the Great Lent, which starts on a Monday approximately seven weeks before Easter, following the Ethiopian Orthodox Church's calculation of Easter.

Are there weekly fasts in the Ethiopian fasting calendar?

Yes, in addition to major fasting periods, the Ethiopian fasting calendar includes weekly fasts on Wednesdays and Fridays to commemorate significant religious events.

How does the Ethiopian fasting calendar differ from other Christian fasting calendars?

The Ethiopian fasting calendar is unique in its length and strictness, featuring some of the longest fasting periods in Christianity, such as the 55-day Lent, and it follows the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church's own liturgical calendar and traditions.

Additional Resources

1. *The Ethiopian Fasting Calendar: Traditions and Spirituality*

This book explores the rich history and spiritual significance of the Ethiopian fasting calendar. It delves into the various fasting periods observed by the Ethiopian Orthodox Church, explaining their religious and cultural importance. Readers will gain insight into how fasting shapes the lives of Ethiopian believers throughout the year.

2. Fasting Practices of the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church

A comprehensive guide to the fasting rules and customs followed by the Ethiopian Orthodox community. The book details the major fasting seasons such as Lent, Advent, and weekly fasts, including dietary restrictions and prayer routines. It serves as a valuable resource for those interested in Ethiopian religious observances.

3. Spiritual Rhythms: Understanding Ethiopia's Fasting Calendar

This title offers a deep dive into the spiritual rhythms created by Ethiopia's fasting calendar. It highlights how the fasting periods encourage reflection, repentance, and renewal for the faithful. The book also discusses the interplay between fasting, feasting, and Ethiopian liturgical celebrations.

4. The History and Significance of Ethiopian Fasting Days

Tracing the origins of Ethiopian fasting traditions, this book provides historical context and theological explanations. It examines how fasting has evolved over centuries and its impact on Ethiopian society. The narrative includes personal stories and testimonies from practitioners.

5. Living the Fast: A Practical Guide to the Ethiopian Fasting Calendar

Designed as a practical manual, this book offers day-by-day guidance on observing the Ethiopian fasting calendar. It includes meal suggestions, prayer tips, and advice for maintaining health during fasting periods. Ideal for both Ethiopians and those interested in adopting these practices.

6. Fasting and Feasting: Ethiopian Orthodox Calendar Explained

This book balances the fasting traditions with the celebratory feasts that follow each fasting period. It provides detailed descriptions of the religious festivals, their meaning, and associated rituals. The work underscores the holistic nature of the Ethiopian liturgical year.

7. The Role of Fasting in Ethiopian Orthodox Worship and Identity

Focusing on the spiritual and communal aspects, this book discusses how fasting reinforces Ethiopian Orthodox identity and worship practices. It includes theological reflections, liturgical texts, and interviews with clergy. The author emphasizes fasting as a form of devotion and communal solidarity.

8. Seasonal Fasts and Feasts: A Cultural Journey Through Ethiopia's Calendar

This title explores the cultural dimensions of Ethiopia's fasting calendar beyond religious practice. It highlights regional variations, traditional foods, and how fasting seasons influence Ethiopian art, music, and social life. The book offers a vibrant portrait of Ethiopian culture intertwined with faith.

9. The Ethiopian Fasting Calendar: A Guide for the Modern Believer

A contemporary interpretation of the ancient fasting calendar, this book addresses challenges faced by modern Ethiopians in observing fasts. It offers strategies for balancing fasts with modern lifestyles, including work and social commitments. The book aims to make fasting accessible and meaningful

in today's world.

Ethiopian Fasting Calendar

Ethiopian Fasting Calendar: Your Essential Guide to Observing Ethiopian Lent

Are you an Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Christian struggling to keep track of the intricate Ethiopian fasting calendar? Do you find yourself constantly confused about which days are fast days and which are feast days? Are you tired of missing important fasting periods or accidentally breaking your fast? Feeling overwhelmed by the complexities of the Ethiopian calendar and its unique fasting rules? This comprehensive guide will simplify everything.

This ebook, "The Complete Ethiopian Fasting Calendar," provides the clarity and organization you need to confidently observe the Ethiopian fasts.

Author: Elias Desta (fictional author for this example)

Contents:

Introduction: Understanding the Ethiopian Calendar and its Significance in Fasting.

Chapter 1: The Major Fasts: A Detailed Overview of the major fasting periods (Great Lent, Advent, etc.), including their duration, significance, and permitted foods.

Chapter 2: The Minor Fasts: A comprehensive guide to the smaller fasting periods throughout the year, highlighting specific rules and traditions.

Chapter 3: Navigating the Calendar: Practical tips and tools for understanding the Ethiopian calendar, including how to convert dates and avoid common mistakes.

Chapter 4: Spiritual Reflections: Exploring the spiritual meaning and purpose of fasting in the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo tradition.

Chapter 5: Recipes and Meal Planning: Suggestions for delicious and nutritious meals that comply with fasting regulations.

Conclusion: Maintaining a Consistent and Meaningful Fasting Practice

The Complete Ethiopian Fasting Calendar: A Comprehensive Guide

Introduction: Understanding the Ethiopian Calendar and its Significance in Fasting

The Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church follows a unique calendar, the Ge'ez calendar, which is seven to eight years behind the Gregorian calendar. This difference significantly impacts the timing of religious observances, including the various fasting periods. Understanding the Ethiopian calendar is crucial for correctly observing the fasts. This introduction will provide a foundational understanding of the calendar system and its connection to the spiritual practices of fasting within the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo tradition. The Ethiopian calendar is not just a system of dates; it's a deeply embedded part of the culture and religious life. It dictates not only the timing of fasts but also important religious holidays and festivals. Understanding this connection provides a richer and more meaningful context for observing the fasts. The calendar's structure, with its unique year numbering and month names, may initially appear complex, but this introduction aims to break it down into easily digestible parts, laying the groundwork for a comprehensive understanding of the Ethiopian fasting calendar presented in the subsequent chapters.

Chapter 1: The Major Fasts: A Detailed Overview

The Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church observes several significant fasts throughout the year, the most prominent being Great Lent (also known as Abun) and Advent (also known as Tsom). This chapter delves into the details of these major fasts, providing a clear understanding of their duration, significance, and associated rules.

Great Lent (Abun): This is the longest and most strictly observed fasting period, lasting for 55 days. This chapter will detail the exact dates for Great Lent according to the Ethiopian calendar and its corresponding Gregorian equivalent. We will examine the spiritual significance of this fast, emphasizing its purpose of repentance, spiritual renewal, and drawing closer to God. Specific rules related to food consumption during Great Lent will be thoroughly explained, differentiating between permitted and prohibited items. Traditions and practices specific to Great Lent will also be covered.

Advent (Tsom): This period of fasting precedes Christmas and prepares the faithful for the celebration of the birth of Christ. This chapter will provide the dates for Advent according to both the Ethiopian and Gregorian calendars. We will explain the unique spiritual meaning of this fast, focusing on its purpose of anticipation and spiritual preparation for Christmas. Similarly, the dietary restrictions and specific traditions associated with Advent will be discussed in detail.

Other major fasts such as the fast of Nineveh and the fasts associated with specific saints will be briefly introduced. Each fast's rules and permitted foods will be clarified to ensure a clear understanding of their observance.

Chapter 2: The Minor Fasts

Beyond the major fasts, the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church observes several shorter, minor fasts throughout the year. These fasts, while less stringent than the major fasts, still hold significant spiritual importance. This chapter provides a comprehensive list of these minor fasts, detailing their duration and any specific rules or customs associated with them. This often-overlooked aspect of the Ethiopian fasting calendar is crucial for a complete and accurate observance. The chapter will clarify the differences in rules between major and minor fasts, helping readers understand the nuances of the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo fasting tradition. It will also include a table summarizing all minor fasts, making it easy to reference and consult throughout the year.

Chapter 3: Navigating the Ethiopian Calendar

This chapter offers practical tools and techniques to understand and utilize the Ethiopian calendar effectively. It addresses the common confusion arising from the difference between the Ethiopian and Gregorian calendars. We'll provide methods for converting dates between the two calendars, ensuring the reader can easily determine which days are fast days regardless of the calendar they primarily use. This chapter will also include a helpful conversion chart or an online resource recommendation for accurate date conversion. Practical tips on planning meals and managing daily life around fasting periods will be included. The goal is to empower the reader with the knowledge and tools to seamlessly integrate the Ethiopian fasting calendar into their daily lives.

Chapter 4: Spiritual Reflections

Fasting in the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church is not merely a dietary restriction but a profound spiritual practice. This chapter explores the deeper spiritual meaning and purpose behind the fasts. It connects fasting to prayer, repentance, and spiritual growth, emphasizing its role in fostering a closer relationship with God. We will delve into the theological underpinnings of fasting, explaining its significance within the broader context of Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo faith and spirituality. This section offers spiritual reflections to enrich the reader's understanding of the fasts, fostering a deeper connection to their spiritual significance. The aim is to transform the fast from a mere observance into a meaningful and transformative spiritual journey.

Chapter 5: Recipes and Meal Planning

This chapter provides practical assistance in navigating the dietary restrictions of Ethiopian fasting. It offers a selection of delicious and nutritious recipes that comply with the fasting regulations. The recipes will be easy to follow and adaptable to various dietary needs and preferences. The chapter will also include meal planning suggestions to help readers organize their meals for the entire fasting period, ensuring that they maintain a healthy and balanced diet while adhering to the fasting requirements. Tips on maintaining energy and avoiding nutritional deficiencies during fasting will also be provided. This practical section aims to make the fasting period not just spiritually fulfilling but also enjoyable and manageable.

Conclusion: Maintaining a Consistent and Meaningful Fasting Practice

This concluding chapter summarizes the key aspects of the Ethiopian fasting calendar and emphasizes the importance of consistent and meaningful fasting practices. It encourages readers to integrate the learnings from the book into their daily lives, fostering a deeper understanding and appreciation for the spiritual journey of fasting. This chapter offers practical tips for maintaining the fasts throughout the year and suggests ways to overcome common challenges. Encouragement and motivation are provided to ensure that readers feel empowered to maintain a faithful and consistent fasting practice.

FAQs:

1. What is the difference between the Ethiopian and Gregorian calendars? The Ethiopian calendar is 7-8 years behind the Gregorian calendar and uses a different system of months and years.
2. Are all fast days the same in terms of strictness? No, major fasts like Great Lent are stricter than minor fasts.
3. What foods are allowed during the fasts? Generally, plant-based foods are permitted, but specific rules vary between fasts and may exclude certain items like oil or dairy.
4. How can I convert dates between the Ethiopian and Gregorian calendars? Several online converters are available, or the book provides methods.
5. What is the spiritual significance of fasting in the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church? Fasting is a spiritual discipline for repentance, prayer, and drawing closer to God.
6. Are there any exceptions to the fasting rules? Exceptions may be made for illness, pregnancy, or other extenuating circumstances.
7. How can I plan my meals effectively during the fasts? The book includes recipe ideas and meal-planning suggestions.
8. What are some common mistakes to avoid when observing the Ethiopian fasts? Accidental consumption of prohibited foods due to date confusion is a common issue.
9. Where can I find more resources on Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo fasting? The book includes further recommended resources and links.

Related Articles:

1. Understanding the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church Calendar: A deep dive into the historical and cultural context of the Ethiopian calendar.

2. The Spiritual Significance of Fasting in Ethiopian Orthodoxy: Exploring the theological and philosophical underpinnings of fasting.
3. Ethiopian Fasting Recipes: Delicious and Nutritious Meals for Lent: A collection of recipes specifically designed for Ethiopian fasts.
4. A Guide to Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Holidays and Festivals: Connecting fasting periods to the broader religious calendar.
5. Navigating the Challenges of Ethiopian Fasting: Practical tips for overcoming common difficulties during fasting.
6. The History and Traditions of Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Fasting: Examining the historical evolution of fasting practices.
7. Ethiopian Fasting and Family Life: How to maintain harmony and observance in the home.
8. Comparing Ethiopian Fasting to Other Orthodox Fasting Traditions: Highlighting similarities and differences with other Orthodox churches.
9. Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Fasting: A Beginner's Guide: A simplified introduction for those new to the practice.

ethiopian fasting calendar: The Stranger at the Feast Tom Boylston, 2018-02-06

Introduction : prohibition and a ritual regime -- A history of mediation -- Fasting, bodies, and the calendar -- Proliferations of mediators -- Blood, silver, and coffee -- Spirits in the marketplace -- Concrete, bones, and feasts -- Echoes of the host -- The media landscape -- The knowledge of the world -- Conclusion

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Fasting, food, and farming: Evidence from Ethiopian producers on the link of food taboos with dairy development* D'Haene, Eline, Vandeveld, Senne, Minten, Bart, 2020-05-01 The impact of food taboos – often because of religion – is understudied. In Ethiopia, religious fasting by Orthodox Christians is assumed to be an important impediment for the sustainable development of a competitive dairy sector and desired higher milk consumption, especially by children. However, evidence is limited. Relying on unique data, we shed light on three major issues. First, we observe that the average annual number of fasting days that Orthodox adults are effectively adhering to is 140, less than commonly cited averages. Using this as an estimate for extrapolation, fasting is estimated to reduce annual dairy consumption by approximately 12 percent nationally. Second, farms adapt to declining milk demand during fasting by increased processing of milk into storable products – fasting contributes to larger price swings for these products. We further note continued sales of milk by non-remote farmers and reduced production – by adjusting lactation times for dairy animals – for remote farmers. Third, fasting is mostly associated with increased milk consumption by the children of dairy farmers, seemingly because of excess milk availability during fasting periods. Our results suggest that fasting habits are not a major explanation for the observed poor performance of Ethiopia's dairy sector nor low milk consumption by children. To reduce the impact of fasting on the dairy sector in Ethiopia further, investment is called for in improved milk processing, storage, and infrastructure facilities.

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Mesob Across America* Harry Kloman, 2010-10-04 How old is Ethiopian cuisine and the unique way of eating it? Ethiopians proudly say their cuisine goes back 3,000 to 5,000 years. Archaeologists and historians now believe it emerged in the first millennium A.D. in Aksum, an ancient kingdom that occupied what's now the northern region of Ethiopia and the

southern region of neighboring Eritrea. But regardless of when Ethiopians began to eat spicy wots atop the spongy flatbread injera, or when they first drank the intoxicating honey wine called tej, their cuisine remains unique in the world. *Mesob Across America: Ethiopian Food in the U.S.A.* brings together what respected scholars and passionate Ethiopians know and believe about this delectable cuisine. From the ingredients of the Ethiopian kitchen the foods, the spices, and the ways of combining them to a close-up look at the cuisines history and culture, *Mesob Across America* is both comprehensive and anecdotal. Explore the history of how restaurant communities emerged in the U.S., and visit them as they exist today. Learn how to prepare a five-course Ethiopian meal, including homemade tej. And solve the mystery of when Ethiopian food made its debut in America which was not when most Ethiopians think it did.

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Citizen Azmari* Ilana Webster-Kogen, 2018-11-06 2019 Winner of Society of Ethnomusicology's Special Interest Group Award for Jewish Music In the thirty years since their immigration from Ethiopia to the State of Israel, Ethiopian-Israelis have put music at the center of communal and public life, using it alternately as a mechanism of protest and as appeal for integration. Ethiopian music develops in quiet corners of urban Israel as the most prominent advocate for equality, and the Israeli-born generation is creating new musical styles that negotiate the terms of blackness outside of Africa. For the first time, this book examines in detail those new genres of Ethiopian-Israeli music, including Ethiopian-Israeli hip-hop, Ethio-soul performed across Europe, and eskesta dance projects at the center of national festivals. This book argues that in a climate where Ethiopian-Israelis fight for recognition of their contribution to society, musical style often takes the place of political speech, and musicians take on outsize roles as cultural critics. From their perch in Tel Aviv, Ethiopian-Israeli musicians use musical style to critique a social hierarchy that affects life for everyone in Israel/Palestine.

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Asceticism* Vincent L. Wimbush, Richard Valantasis, 2002 The only comprehensive reference work on asceticism with a multicultural, multireligious, and multidisciplinary perspective, *Asceticism* offers a sweeping view of an elusive and controversial aspect of religious life and culture. ...A well-nigh inexhaustible source for study and reflection, it belongs in every theological, and especially monastic library.--Religious Studies Review

ethiopian fasting calendar: *The Ethiopian Orthodox Tawahido Church* Ephraim Isaac, 2012 Ephraim Isaac sketches the history of the Ethiopian Orthodox Tawahido Church and also that of Christianity as a whole in Ethiopia. As the reader will discover, not only are there strong Biblical Hebraic elements in the theology, political theory and liturgical calendar of the Ethiopian Church but there is also a strong influence from Beta Israel and Ethiopian Jews. Besides Jews and Christians, there are also very large numbers of Muslims and various native beliefs in Ethiopia.

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Area Handbook for Ethiopia* American University (Washington, D.C.). Foreign Areas Studies Division, 1964

ethiopian fasting calendar: *Religious Celebrations [2 volumes]* Bloomsbury Publishing, 2011-09-13 This two-volume work presents a comprehensive survey of all the ways people celebrate religious life around the globe. *Religious Celebrations* is an alphabetically organized encyclopedia that covers more than 800 celebratory occasions from all of the world's major religious communities as well as many of the minor faith traditions. The encyclopedia provides a complete reference tool for examining the myriad ways people worldwide celebrate their religious lives across religious boundaries, providing information on numerous celebratory activities never before covered in a reference work. Offering the most comprehensive coverage of religious holidays ever assembled, this two-volume book covers festivals, commemorations, holidays, and annual religious gatherings all over the world, with special attention paid to the celebrations in larger countries. Entries written by distinguished researchers and specialists on different religious communities capture the unique intensity of each event, be it fasting or feasting, frenzied activity or the universal cessation of work, a huge gathering of the faithful en masse or a small family-centered event. The work spotlights celebrations that currently exist without overlooking now-abandoned celebrations that still impact the modern world.

ethiopian fasting calendar: The Central Ethiopians, Amhara, Tigriña and Related Peoples William A. Shack, 2017-02-10 Routledge is proud to be re-issuing this landmark series in association with the International African Institute. The series, published between 1950 and 1977, brings together a wealth of previously un-co-ordinated material on the ethnic groupings and social conditions of African peoples. Concise, critical and (for its time) accurate, the Ethnographic Survey contains sections as follows: Physical Environment Linguistic Data Demography History & Traditions of Origin Nomenclature Grouping Cultural Features: Religion, Witchcraft, Birth, Initiation, Burial Social & Political Organization: Kinship, Marriage, Inheritance, Slavery, Land Tenure, Warfare & Justice Economy & Trade Domestic Architecture Each of the 50 volumes will be available to buy individually, and these are organized into regional sub-groups: East Central Africa, North-Eastern Africa, Southern Africa, West Central Africa, Western Africa, and Central Africa Belgian Congo. The volumes are supplemented with maps, available to view on routledge.com or available as a pdf from the publishers.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Visions of Zion Erin C. MacLeod, 2014-07-04 In reggae song after reggae song Bob Marley and other reggae singers speak of the Promised Land of Ethiopia. "Repatriation is a must!" they cry. The Rastafari have been travelling to Ethiopia since the movement originated in Jamaica in 1930s. They consider it the Promised Land, and repatriation is a cornerstone of their faith. Though Ethiopians see Rastafari as immigrants, the Rastafari see themselves as returning members of the Ethiopian diaspora. In *Visions of Zion*, Erin C. MacLeod offers the first in-depth investigation into how Ethiopians perceive Rastafari and Rastafarians within Ethiopia and the role this unique immigrant community plays within Ethiopian society. Rastafari are unusual among migrants, basing their movements on spiritual rather than economic choices. This volume offers those who study the movement a broader understanding of the implications of repatriation. Taking the Ethiopian perspective into account, it argues that migrant and diaspora identities are the products of negotiation, and it illuminates the implications of this negotiation for concepts of citizenship, as well as for our understandings of pan-Africanism and south-south migration. Providing a rare look at migration to a non-Western country, this volume also fills a gap in the broader immigration studies literature.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Wit and Wisdom of Ethiopia , 1998 The book represents an endeavor to share with the outside world the wit and wisdom of Ethiopia which is too good to be kept bottled up in the native language of one land. Professor Negussay Ayele, who compiled, translated, and edited hundreds of these words of wisdom with Introduction and Annotations, is an a noted academic who has taught for more than twenty five years in Ethiopia and in the United States. INSIDE THE PAGES OF WIT AND WISDOM OF ETHIOPIA With kids things are now serious, now frivolous. The center of the earth is where you are right now: if you doubt that, measure it. Trying to reach out for what was in the attic, she dropped what she had tucked in her armpit. The volume at hand ? is a modest effort to share with the outside world the wit and wisdom of Ethiopia, which is too good to be kept bottled up in the native language of one land. Now that Ethiopia is the original locus and habitat of the earliest homonids-homo afarensis/ramidus every human being is in effect an Ethiopian and can therefore proudly claim the heritage of Wit and Wisdom presented in this volume.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Ethiopia Carol Ann Gillespie, 2009 - Information-packed volumes provide comprehensive overviews of each nation's people, geography, history, government, economy, and culture- Abundant full-color illustrations guide the reader on a voyage of discovery- Maps reflect current political boundaries

ethiopian fasting calendar: Ethiopia Lawrence Henry Ed.D, 2020-09-14 This book is a systemic examination of prophecies and instructions to Ethiopia by God. They show how God used Ethiopia to ensure the continuation of the chosen people, supporting the kingdom of heaven. There are many prophecies and signs specifically referenced to Ethiopia and the Ethiopian people. In many verses, Ethiopia is specifically addressed to come to the aid and/or support prophets spreading Christianity. It would be hard to overstate the impact of Ethiopia on the advancement of Christianity. For example, King Tirhakah, the Ethiopian king of Egypt/Ethiopia, intervened to save Judah in the

year 620 BC. This event is well documented in the Bible and other ancient writings. If we fast-forward two thousand years, we find the Ethiopian Church of today that has a membership of between 40 and 46 million; Christians which make up about 60 percent of the total population of the country. Ethiopia was also the first country to declare Christianity a state religion and had never been occupied by a foreign country. This book will explain how God commissioned the Ethiopians to work for the kingdom of God and to spread Christianity geographically and ethically to the ends of the earth. The relationship between God and the Ethiopia people represent the greatest story never told until now. Writing this book was a very difficult task; I relied on the Lord and his wisdom. I was guided by Philippians 1:6: Being confident of this, that he who began a good work in you will carry it on to completion until the day of Christ Jesus. This book represents a story that needed to be told and God-inspired.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Ethiopia Today , 1960

ethiopian fasting calendar: Faith and Work Timothy Ewest, 2018-01-01 Those who adhere to a faith tradition are longing for theories and insights into how they can be true to their faith within the workplace and yet be sensitive and respectful to others of varying faith commitments and beliefs. Yet for Christians, respect of other faith traditions is especially difficult since Christianity as the dominate religion has become secularized and institutionalized within the workplace as represented in holidays and days off. Within the multiple theoretical and research dimensions of management, religion and spirituality, this book explores theoretical, conceptual and strategic theories and research which consider how individuals and organizations integrate their Christian faith in the workplace, and how these groups attempt to change society as a whole. This historical movement is characterized by a desire for people to live a holistic life which integrates their Christian faith into the workplace, also deemed "faith at work". Historically, Christian's faith integration is manifested individually or collectively and is demonstrated in the ways it shapes and informs the values systems, ethics, character and attitudes towards work. This edited volume draws themes out of the three historical epochs of the faith and work movement traced by Miller (2007) in the book, *God at work: The history and promise of the faith at work movement*. These organizing themes, while not congruent to the historical epochs, do capture the ways in which people of faith have historically attempted to integrate their faith into the workplace. These themes include: Individual integration, organizational strategies for integration and societal integration.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Ethiopia Steven Gish, Winnie Thay, Zawiah Abdul Latif, 2016-12-15 Nestled in the Horn of Africa, Ethiopia is the oldest independent nation on the continent. This culturally diverse country has a rich and tumultuous history dating back thousands of years. In this book, readers will learn about the diverse landscape of Ethiopia's past and present, including its peoples, geography, religion, economy, and culture.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Land Of Ethiopia Marcus Blackwell, 2024-10-14 Land of Ethiopia unveils the enigmatic history and vibrant culture of one of Africa's most intriguing nations. This comprehensive exploration delves into Ethiopia's ancient civilizations, its unique status as an uncolonized African country, and its role in modern global affairs. From the legendary kingdom of Aksum to the reign of Emperor Haile Selassie, the book traces Ethiopia's remarkable journey through time, highlighting its diverse ethnic groups and languages. The author argues that Ethiopia's distinctive historical trajectory has profoundly shaped its national identity and international relations. By resisting colonization and embracing Christianity early on, Ethiopia forged a path unlike any other African nation. The book's balanced approach acknowledges both Ethiopia's triumphs and ongoing challenges, offering readers a nuanced understanding of its complex society. Divided into three sections, *Land of Ethiopia* begins with an introduction to the country's geography and culture, progresses through its rich history, and concludes with an examination of modern Ethiopia's struggles and achievements. Drawing on ancient manuscripts, oral histories, and contemporary records, the book presents a scholarly yet accessible narrative that will engage both academics and general readers interested in African history, world cultures, and travel.

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Over the last century unprecedented numbers of Christians from traditionally Orthodox societies migrated around the world. Once seen as an 'oriental' or 'eastern' phenomenon, Orthodox Christianity is now much more widely dispersed, and in many parts of the modern world one need not go far to find an Orthodox community at worship. This collection offers a compelling overview of the Orthodox world, covering the main regional traditions of Orthodox Christianity and the ways in which they have become global. The contributors are drawn from the Orthodox community worldwide and explore a rich selection of key figures and themes. The book provides an innovative and illuminating approach to the subject, ideal for students and scholars alike.

ethiopian fasting calendar: Ethiopia Siegbert Uhlig, David Appleyard, Alessandro Bausi, Wolfgang Hahn, Steven Kaplan, 2017 ETHIOPIA is a compendium on Ethiopia and Northeast Africa for travellers, students, businessmen, people interested in Africa, policymakers and organisations. In this book 85 specialists from 15 countries write about the land of our fossil ancestor 'Lucy', about its rock-hewn churches and national parks, about the coexistence of Christians and Muslims, and about strange cultures, but also about contemporary developments and major challenges to the region. Across ten chapters they describe the land and people, its history, cultures, religions, society and politics, as well as recent issues and unique destinations, documented with tables, maps, further reading suggestions and photos.

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general problems of notation and oral tradition. Ethiopian Christian chant has been passed down both in an indigenous notational system and through oral transmission. This edition presents a selection of liturgical portions from the annual cycle in facsimiles of notated sources and in transcriptions from modern performances. Supplementing the edition is a complete dictionary of notational signs, with equivalents in modern notation, and a set of charts tracing the notational history of each liturgical portion through a sample of Ethiopian manuscripts.

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ethiopian fasting calendar: The Orthodox Church of Ethiopia John Binns, 2016-11-28 Surrounded by steep escarpments to the north, south and east, Ethiopia has always been geographically and culturally set apart. It has the longest archaeological record of any country in the world. Indeed, this precipitous mountain land was where the human race began. It is also home to an ancient church with a remarkable legacy. The Ethiopian Church forms the southern branch of historic Christianity. It is the only pre-colonial church in sub-Saharan Africa, originating in one of the earliest Christian kingdoms—with its king Ezana (supposedly descended from the biblical Solomon) converting around 340 CE. Since then it has maintained its long Christian witness in a region dominated by Islam; today it has a membership of around forty million and is rapidly growing. Yet despite its importance, there has been no comprehensive study available in English of its theology and history. This is a large gap which this authoritative and engagingly written book seeks to fill. The Church of Ethiopia (or formally, the Ethiopian Orthodox Tewahedo Church) has a recognized place in worldwide Christianity as one of five non-Chalcedonian Orthodox Churches. As Dr Binns shows, it has developed a distinctive approach which makes it different from all other churches. His book explains why this happened and how these special features have shaped the life of the Christian people of Ethiopia. He discusses the famous rock-hewn churches; the Ark of the Covenant (claimed by the Church and housed in Aksum); the medieval monastic tradition; relations with the Coptic Church; co-existence with Islam; missionary activity; and the Church's venerable oral traditions, especially the discipline of *gene*—a kind of theological reflection couched in a unique style of improvised allegorical poetry. There is also a sustained exploration of how the Church has been forced to re-think its identity and mission as a result of political changes and upheaval following the overthrow of Haile Selassie (who ruled as Regent, 1916-1930, and then as Emperor, 1930-74) and beyond.

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67 million people today, it is the third most populous country on the African continent after Nigeria and Egypt. It is the source of 86 percent of the water reaching the Aswan Dam in Egypt, most of it carried by the amazing Blue Nile. Ethiopia offers major historical sites such as the pre-Christian palace at Yeha, the stele and tombs of the old Kingdom of Axum, and the rock-carved churches of Lalibela. For anyone interested in Ethiopia, this historical dictionary, through its individual and carefully cross-referenced entries, captures the importance and intrigue of this truly significant African nation. *Historical Dictionary of Ethiopia* appeals to all levels of readers, providing entries for each of Ethiopia's 85 ethnic groups and covering a broad range of cultural, political, and economic topics. Readers interested in the cultural aspects or who are planning to visit Ethiopia will find a wealth of entries on art, literature, handicrafts, music, dance, bird life, geography, and historic tourist sites. Practitioners in government and non-governmental organizations will find entries on pressing economic, social, and political issues such as HIV/AIDS, female circumcision, debt, human rights, and the environment. The important historical role of missionaries and the combination of conflict and cooperation between Christians and Muslims in the region are also issues reviewed. And, finally, many of the entries highlight relations between Ethiopia and her neighbors-Eritrea, Somalia, Somaliland, Djibouti, Kenya, and Sudan. In the bibliography, considerable emphasis has been placed on including both new and old materials covering all facets of Ethiopia, organized for easy identification by areas of major interest.

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mirror image of the self that revealed differences between the European Catholic and the native renunciate.

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